

Employer Restructuring – OMERS Implications

MEARIE Conference June 15, 2016

OMERS



461,000 members

278,000 active

47

47 average age

73% 27% full-time part-time

56% 44% female male

141,000 pensioners

71 average age

\$20,557 average pension

98 over 100

42,000 deferred





2

Eligible Employers in OMERS

- Eligible employer definitions are set out in the OMERS Act, based on the origins of the Plan with municipalities they are specific and restrictive in many cases
- · Traditional Employers include municipalities, local boards and other boards
- · Associated Employers are very specific:
 - Organizations under an agreement with a municipality or local board or under an Act to provide a service or a program that the municipality or local board is authorized to provide
 - Corporations incorporated in accordance with section 142 of the Electricity Act, 1998 for the purpose of generating, transmitting, distributing or retailing electricity (e.g. Toronto Hydro)

840 Traditional Employers employ 95% of members 140 Associated Employers employ 5% of members 90 Hydro Employers employ 3% of members

OMERS

Examples of employers under each category

Traditional Employers

- · City of Toronto
- Peel Regional Police Services Board
- Ottawa-Carlton District School Board

Associated Employers: providing a municipal service

- Algoma Manor Nursing Home
- Student Transportation of Eastern Ontario
- Canadian National Exhibition Association

Associated Employers: under s. 142 of the Electricity Act

- Toronto Hydro
- Enersource Hydro Mississauga Inc.
- St. Catharines Hydro Inc.

OMERS

4

What happens to OMERS status when an employer goes through a sale/merger/divestment?

Employer Change	Impacts
Employer sold to another owner/group of owners (share sale)	 Generally, this means the employer remains in the same form and continues to participate in OMERS Members continue with OMERS with no change NOTE: if a company under s. 142 of the Electricity Act no longer fits in that designation, then OMERS status would need to be reconsidered as below
Employer restructured through merger/ divestment or sale of assets	 Generally, this means the employer changes – so, the new employer would have to seek confirmation of whether the new employer is eligible for OMERS and would have to decide whether to join OMERS
	If the employer is not eligible or chooses not to join:
	 Active member accruals and contributions cease
	 Member benefit options are issued if the member terminates employment or in 24 months
	 If new employer has a pension plan, both count eligible service of each other

OMERS Role through an Employer Change

- Pension implications are often overlooked in a transaction, but they can have significant consequences for the employer and the members
- OMERS provides ongoing information on pension impacts, and support for members and employers dealing with a change in status in OMERS
 - We can provide our views on whether OMERS status will be affected by a transaction and any pension regulatory impacts

OMERS

OMERS

LLILO